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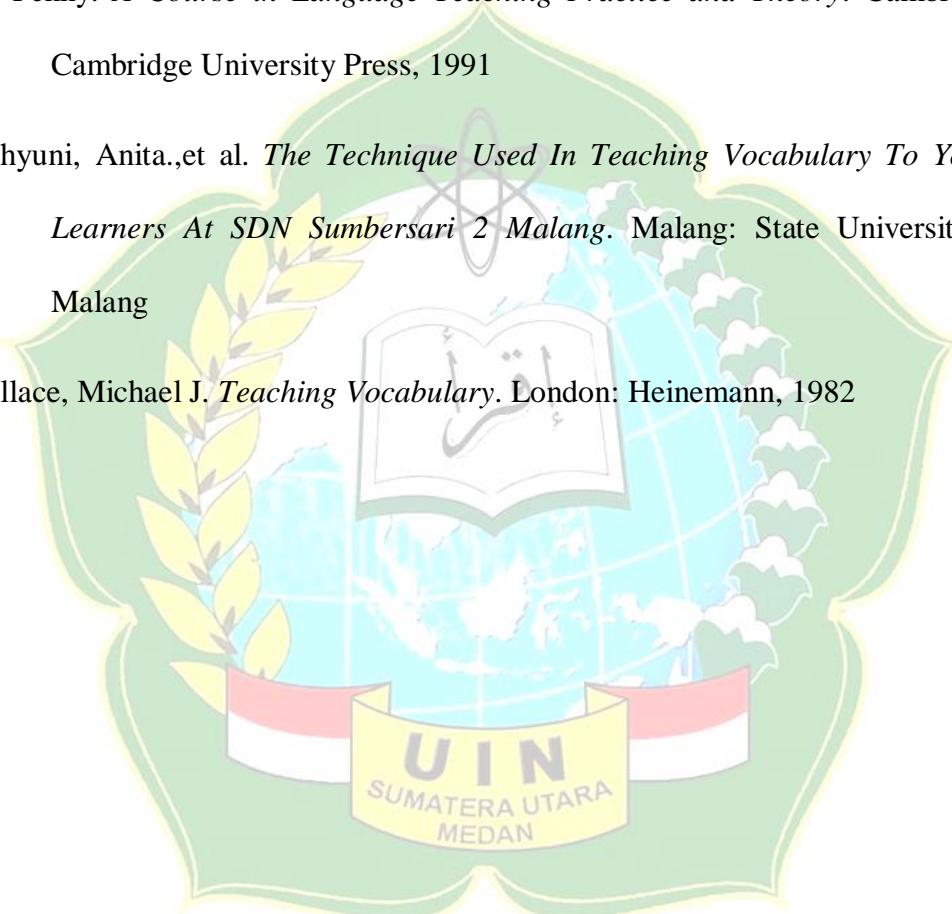
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Appendix I: Lesson Plan (Cycle I)

RENCANA PELAKSANAAN PEMBELAJARAN (RPP)

Sekolah : SMP IT Darul Fikri Tanjungbalai

Mata pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Kelas/ Semester : IX/ Genap

Standar Kompetensi:

Membaca

Memahami makna dalam esai pendek sederhana berbentuk recount, dan narrative text untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar.

Kompetensi Dasar:

Merespon makna dalam esai pendek sederhana secara akurat, lancar dan berterima yang berkaitan dengan lingkungan sekitar dalam teks berbentuk recount dan narrative text.

Indikator

Siswa mampu:



1. Memahami “kosa kata berdasarkan teks”

2. Memberikan respon berdasarkan “kosakata”

Aspek/ Skill : Membaca dan Berbicara (Vocabulary)

Waktu : 2 x 40 menit

A. Tujuan Pembelajaran

Pada akhir pembelajaran siswa mampu:

- Memahami makna dalam sebuah teks

B. Materi pembelajaran

Read the text

“Djoko Tri Wilarto was very busy last week. He wrote some letters for his parents and friends on Monday. On Tuesday he visited Retu Praditya's school. He played tennis for two hours there. Retu Praditya is his friend.

In the evening he went to the sport shop, He bought a new tennis racket. Then he played tennis again the whole day on Wednesday.

He stayed home in the evening. He was very tired then he spoke to his parents on the phone.

On Thursday he watched the football match on television. At the weekend he visited his brother's badminton club at Jalan Angsana I.”

C. Teknik Pembelajaran : Personal Vocabulary Note

D. Langkah- langkah Kegiatan

1. Kegiatan Pendahuluan

- Mengucapkan salam
- Tanya jawab berbagai hal terkait kondisi siswa
- Memberikan motivasi dan stimulus kepada siswa

2. Kegiatan Inti

Eksplorasi

- Memberikan gambaran awal materi pembelajaran yang akan diberikan kepada siswa
- Guru mengarahkan siswa pada sebuah teks bacaan
- Guru menanyakan kepada siswa tentang arti kosa kata pada teks

Elaborasi

- Guru menerangkan tentang salah satu teknik pembelajaran vocabulary, yaitu personal vocabulary note technique
- Guru menggunakan personal vocabulary note technique dalam mempelajari kosa kata yang ada pada teks bacaan.

Konfirmasi

- Siswa bertanya dan berdiskusi dengan guru tentang arti kata berdasarkan teks bacaan
3. Kegiatan Penutup
- Menyimpulkan materi pembelajaran
 - Menanyakan kesulitan siswa selama proses belajar mengajar
 - Mengakhiri pelajaran dan meminta siswa untuk memahami kembali di rumah materi yang telah diajarkan.

E. Sumber Pembelajaran

- Djuharie, Otong Setiawan dan Yrama Widya. *Communicative and Interactive English Based on National Character Building for Junior High School, Grade IX*. Bandung: Yrama Widya

- <http://www.proprofs.com/quiz-school/story.php?title=soal-bahasa-inggris-diketik-oleh-willy-indrayana-k>, diakses pada 12 Agustus 2021 pukul 20.15

F. Penilaian

1. Rubrik Penilaian

Nomor Soal Pilihan Ganda	Bobot Soal
1-20	5
Jumlah skor maksimal	100

Jika benar mendapatkan skor 5

Jika salah mendapatkan skor 0

$$\text{Penentuan Nilai} = N = \frac{\text{skor perolehan}}{\text{skor maksimal}} \times 100$$

2. Instrumen : Terlampir

Tanjungbalai, Agustus 2021

Mengetahui

Kepala SMP IT DarulFikri

Tanjungbalai

Guru Mata Pelajaran

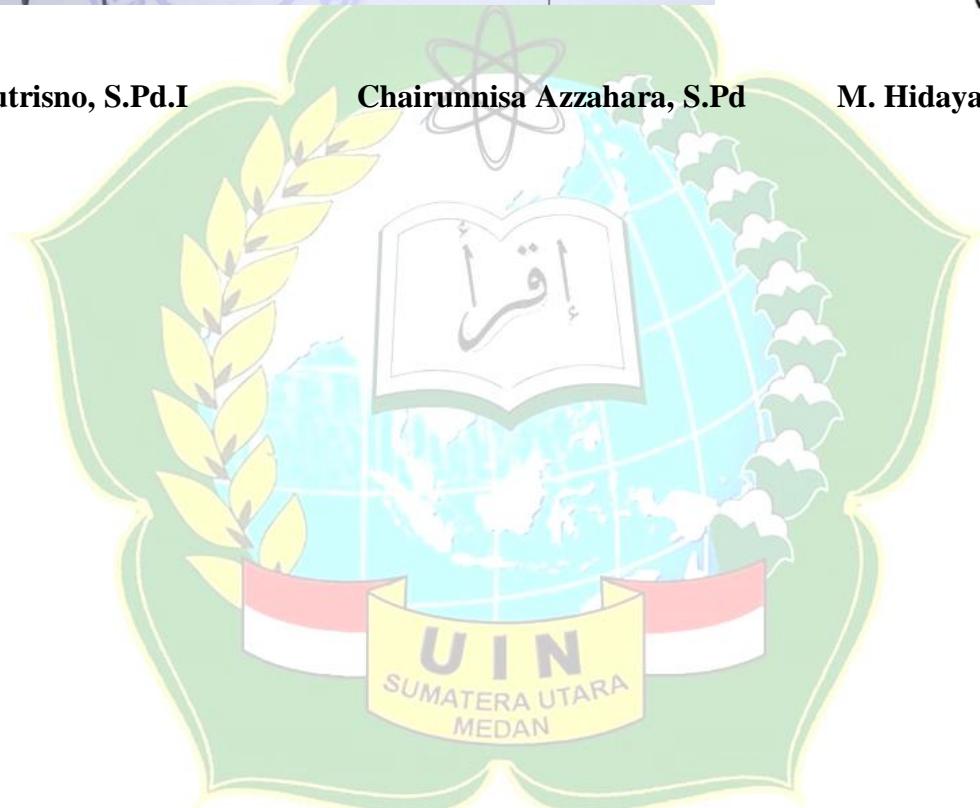
Peneliti



Sutrisno, S.Pd.I

Chairunnisa Azzahara, S.Pd

M. Hidayat



Appendix II: Lesson Plan (Cycle II)

RENCANA PELAKSANAAN PEMBELAJARAN

(RPP)

Sekolah : SMP IT Darul Fikri Tanjungbalai

Mata pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Kelas/ Semester : IX/ Genap

Standar Kompetensi:

Membaca

Memahami makna dalam esai pendek sederhana berbentuk recount, dan narrative text untuk berinteraksi dengan lingkungan sekitar.

Kompetensi Dasar:

Merespon makna dalam esai pendek sederhana secara akurat, lancar dan berterima yang berkaitan dengan lingkungan sekitar dalam teks berbentuk recount dan narrative text.

Indikator

Siswa mampu:

1. Memahami “kosa kata berdasarkan teks”

2. Memberikan respon berdasarkan “kosakata”

Aspek/ Skill : Membaca dan Berbicara (Vocabulary)

Waktu : 2 x 40 menit

G. Tujuan Pembelajaran

Pada akhir pembelajaran siswa mampu:

- Memahami makna dalam sebuah teks
- Menambah pengetahuan kosa kata dari sebuah teks bacaan

A. Materi pembelajaran

Read the text

“People usually sing because they like music or because they feel happy. They express their happiness by singing. When a bird sing, however, its song usually means much more than that the bird is happy. Birds have many reasons for singing. They sing to give information. Their songs are their language.

The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird. It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.

Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away. To a bird, his tree or even a branch of tree, is his home. He does not want strangers to come near him, so he sings to warn them.

If a bird cannot sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information. Some birds dance, spread out their tails or make other sings. One bird has a most unusual way of finding a wife. It builds a small garden of shells and flowers.”

B. Teknik Pembelajaran : Personal Vocabulary Note

C. Langkah- langkah Kegiatan

1. Kegiatan Pendahuluan

- Mengucapkan salam
- Tanya jawab berbagai hal terkait kondisi siswa
- Memberikan motivasi dan stimulus kepadas iswa

2. Kegiatan Inti

Eksplorasi

- Memberikan gambaran awal materi pembelajaran yang akan diberikan kepada siswa
- Guru mengarahkan siswa pada sebuah teks bacaan
- Guru menanyakan kepada siswa tentang arti kosa kata yang ada pada teks bacaan

Elaborasi

- Guru menerangkan tentang salah satu teknik pembelajaran vocabulary, yaitu personal vocabulary note technique
- Guru menggunakan personal vocabulary note technique dalam mempelajari kosa kata yang ada pada teks bacaan.

Konfirmasi

- Siswa bertanya dan berdiskusi dengan guru tentang arti kata berdasarkan teks bacaan
- Siswa bertanya tentang personal vocabulary note technique.

3. Kegiatan Penutup

- Menyimpulkan materi pembelajaran

- Menanyakan kesulitan siswa selama proses belajar mengajar
- Mengakhiri pelajaran dan meminta siswa untuk memahami kembali di rumah materi yang telah diajarkan.

D. Sumber Pembelajaran

- Djuharie, Otong Setiawan dan Yrama Widya. *Communicative and Interactive English Based on National Character Building for Junior High School, Grade IX*. Bandung: Yrama Widya
- <https://vungoi.vn/cau-hoi-75759>, diakses pada 12 Agustus 2021 pukul 20.30

E. Penilaian

3. Rubrik Penilaian Soal Pilihan Ganda

Nomor Soal Pilihan Ganda	Bobot Soal
1-20	5
Jumlah skor maksimal	100

Jika benar mendapatkan skor 5

Jika salah mendapatkan skor 0

$$\text{Penentuan Nilai} = N = \frac{\text{skor perolehan}}{\text{skor maksimal}} \times 100$$

4. Instrumen : Terlampir

Tanjungbalai,

Agustus 2021

Mengetahui

Kepala SMP IT DarulFikri

Tanjungbalai

Guru Mata Pelajaran

Peneliti



Sutrisno, S.Pd.I

Chairunnisa Azzahara, S.Pd

M. Hidayat



Appendix III

Pre-test and post test

Nama : _____

Mata pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Kelas/ Semester : IX/ Genap

Alokasi waktu : _____

Bentuk Soal : Pilihan Berganda

-
1. People usually sing because they like music or because they feel happy.

What is the synonym of happy?

- a. Pleasure c. Sad
b. Angry d. Confused

2. Birds have many reasons for singing. They sing to give information. Their songs are their language.

What is the meaning of language?

- a. Negara c. Alasan
b. Bahagia d. Bahasa

3. It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.

What is the equivalence word of wife?

- a. Spouse c. Sister
b. Brother d. Mother

4. If a bird can not sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information.

What does the word he refer to?

- a. Bird c. Friend
b. Women d. Tree

5. The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird.
- What does the word male mean?
- a. Makanan c. Betina
 b. Jantan d. Lagu
6. The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird.
- What does the word female mean?
- a. Makanan c. Betina
 b. Jantan d. Lagu
7. He does not want strangers to come near him so he sings to warn them.
- What does the word them refer to?
- a. Birds c. Strangers
 b. Friends d. Men
8. Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away.
- What is the past tense verb of tell?
- a. Tell c. Tolded
 b. Told d. Telling
9. One bird has a most unusual way of finding a wife.
- What is the synonym of unusual?
- a. Usual c. Awesome
 b. Ordinary d. Always
10. To a bird, his tree or even a branch of a tree, is his home.
- What is the meaning of branch?
- a. Dahan (ranting) c. Pohon
 b. Daun d. Batang
11. Birds have many reasons for singing.
- What is the meaning of reason?
- a. Alasan c. Efek
 b. Aturan d. Arti

12. He does not want strangers to come near him.
- a. Senin c. Rabu
 b. Selasa d. Kamis
- What is the past tense verb of come?
- a. Come c. Back
 b. Came d. Go
13. He wrote some letters for his parents and friends on Monday.
- What is the perfect tense verb of wrote?
- a. Write c. Written
 b. Wrote d. White
14. Djoko Tri Wilarto was very busy last week. He wrote some letters for his parents and friends on Monday.
- What does the word he refer to?
- a. Djoko Tri Wilarto c. Friend
 b. Brother d. Cat
15. On Tuesday he visited Retu Praditya's school.
- What is the meaning of Tuesday?
- a. Senin c. Rabu
 b. Selasa d. Kamis
16. He bought a new tennis racket.
- What is the category of the underline word?
- a. Verb c. Noun
 b. Pronoun d. Adjective
17. He wrote some letters for his parents and friends on Monday.
- What is the category of the underline word?
- a. Verb c. Noun
 b. Pronoun d. Adjective
18. Djoko Tri Wilarto was very busy last week.
- What is the meaning of last weak?
- a. Minggu lalu
 b. Dua minggu lalu
 c. Minggu depan
 d. Semalam

19. On Thursday he watched the football match on television.

What is the meaning of Thursday?

a. Senin c. Rabu

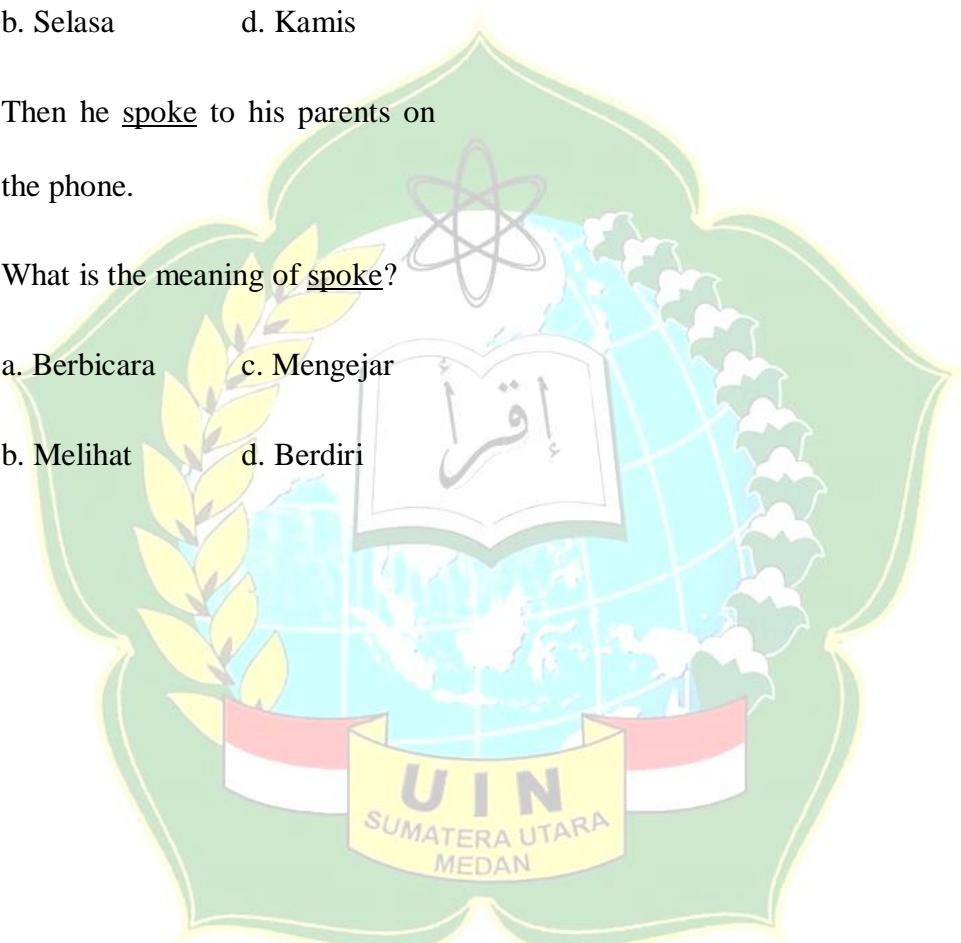
b. Selasa d. Kamis

20. Then he spoke to his parents on the phone.

What is the meaning of spoke?

a. Berbicara c. Mengejar

b. Melihat d. Berdiri



ANSWER KEY PRE-TEST

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. Pleasure | 11. A. Alasan |
| 2. D. Bahasa | 12. B. Came |
| 3. A. Spouse | 13. C. Written |
| 4. A. Bird | 14. A. Djoko Tri Wilarto |
| 5. B. Jantan | 15. B. Selasa |
| 6. C. Betina | 16. C. Noun |
| 7. C. Stranger | 17. C. Noun |
| 8. B. Told | 18. A. Minggu lalu |
| 9. C. Awesome | 19. D. Kamis |
| 10. A. Dahan (ranting) | 20. A. Berbicara |



Appendix IV

OBSERVATION SHEET

The Observation Sheet of Students' Activity in (Cycle I)

No	Activity	Category Number				Average
		1	2	3	4	
1	All of the students come on time			✓		75
2	The students pay attention to the teacher's explanation			✓		75
3	The students are active in the learning process			✓		75
4	The students ask question to the teacher if there is something unclear				✓	100
5	The students can answer the question from the teacher			✓		75
6	The students can follow the teaching learning process by using Personal Vocabulary Note (PVN)				✓	100
7	The students can pronounce the words well			✓		75
	Total of average	575				

Category:

4 = Excellent (for 100%)

3 = Good (75% from overall percentage 100%)

2 = Enough (50% from overall percentage 100%)

1 = Little (25% from overall percentage 100%)

$$\text{Score} = \frac{\text{total of average}}{\text{number of activity}} = \frac{575}{2} = 82,1\%$$



The Observation Sheet of Students' Activity in (Cycle II)

No	Activity	Category Number				Average
		1	2	3	4	
1	All of the students come on time				✓	100
2	The students pay attention to the teacher's explanation				✓	100
3	The students are active in the learning process				✓	100
4	The students ask question to the teacher if there is something unclear				✓	100
5	The students can answer the question from the teacher				✓	100
6	The students can follow the teaching learning process by using Personal Vocabulary Note (PVN)				✓	100
7	The students can pronounce the words well			✓		75
	Total of average	675				

Category:

4 = Excellent (for 100%)

3 = Good (75% from overall percentage 100%)

2 = Enough (50% from overall percentage 100%)

1 = Little (25% from overall percentage 100%)

$$\text{Score} = \frac{\text{total of average}}{\text{number of activity}} = \frac{675}{7} = 96,4\%$$



The Observation Sheet of Teachers' Activity in (Cycle I)

No	Activity	Category Number				Average
		1	2	3	4	
1	The teacher come on time				✓	100
2	The teacher greets the students				✓	100
3	The teacher motivates the students			✓		75
4	The teacher gives the instruction clearly			✓		75
5	The teacher be serious in learning process				✓	100
6	The teacher give task to the students			✓		75
7	The teacher conclude the material			✓		75
	Total of average	600				

Category:

4 = Excellent (for 100%)

3 = Good (75% from overall percentage 100%)

2 = Enough (50% from overall percentage 100%)

1 = Little (25% from overall percentage 100%)

$$\text{Score} = \frac{\text{total of average}}{\text{number of activity}} = \frac{600}{7} = 85,7\%$$



The Observation Sheet of Teachers' Activity in (Cycle II)

No	Activity	Category Number				Average
		1	2	3	4	
1	The teacher come on time				✓	100
2	The teacher greets the students				✓	100
3	The teacher motivates the students				✓	100
4	The teacher gives the instruction clearly				✓	100
5	The teacher be serious in learning process				✓	100
6	The teacher give task to the students				✓	100
7	The teacher conclude the material			✓		75
	Total of average	675				

Category:

4 = Excellent (for 100%)

3 = Good (75% from overall percentage 100%)

2 = Enough (50% from overall percentage 100%)

1 = Little (25% from overall percentage 100%)

$$\text{Score} = \frac{\text{total of average}}{\text{number of activity}} = \frac{675}{7} = 96,4\%$$



Appendix V

Uji Validitas

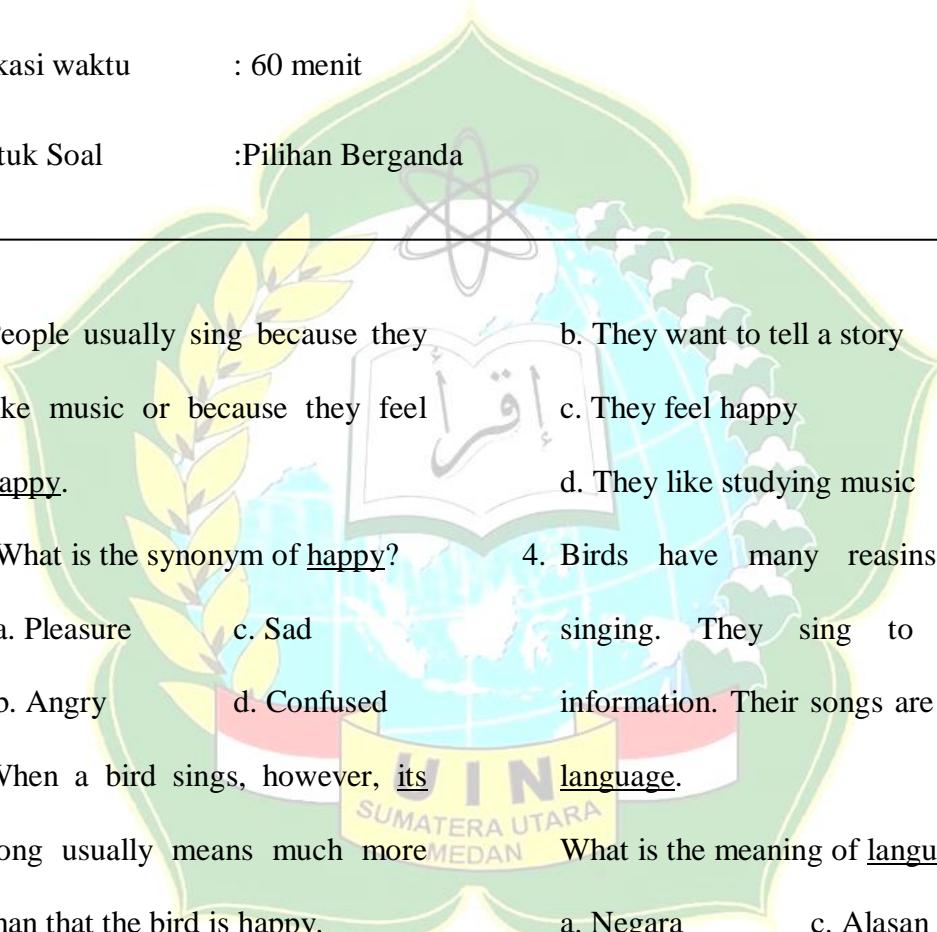
Nama : _____

Mata pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris

Kelas/ Semester : IX/ Genap

Alokasi waktu : 60 menit

Bentuk Soal : Pilihan Berganda

-
- 
1. People usually sing because they like music or because they feel happy.
What is the synonym of happy?
a. Pleasure c. Sad
b. Angry d. Confused
 2. When a bird sings, however, its song usually means much more than that the bird is happy.
What does the word its refer to?
a. Bird c. People
b. Sing d. Woman
 3. Why do people usually sing?
a. They like birds
 - b. They want to tell a story
c. They feel happy
d. They like studying music
 4. Birds have many reasons for singing. They sing to give information. Their songs are their language.
What is the meaning of language?
a. Negara c. Alasan
b. Bahagia d. Bahasa
 5. The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird.

It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.

What does the underline word mean?

- a. Melihat c. Menemukan
- b. Mencari d. Memilih

6. Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away. To a bird, his tree or even a branch of a tree, is his home.

What does the word his refer to?

- a. Home c. Bird
- b. Tree d. A branch of a tree

7. It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.

What is the equivalence word of wife?

- a. Spouse c. Sister
- b. Brother d. Mother

8. If a bird can not sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information.

What does the underline word mean?

- a. Senang c. Penting
- b. Sedih d. Beberapa

9. Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away.

What does the underline word mean?

- a. Menjauh c. Menyakiti
- b. Mendekat d. Bernyanyi

10. If a bird can not sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information.

- a. Bird c. Friend
- b. Women d. Tree

11. The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird.

What does the word male mean?

- a. Makanan c. Betina
- b. Jantan d. Lagu

12. The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds. They sing when they want to attract a female bird.

- What does the word female mean?
- a. Makanan c. Betina
 b. Jantan d. Lagu
13. When a bird sings, however, its song usually means much more than that the bird is happy.
- What does the underline word mean?
- a. Karena c. Akan tetapi
 b. Dan d. Atau
14. It is their way of saying that they are looking for a wife.
- What is the plural word of wife?
- a. Wifes c. Flower
 b. Wives d. Flowers
15. He does not want strangers to come near him so he sings to warn them.
- What does the word them refer to?
- a. Birds c. Strangers
 b. Friends d. Men
16. Birds does not want strangers to come near him, so he sings to warn them.
- What does the word him refer to?
- a. Bird c. Strangers
 b. Friends d. Men
17. People usually sing because they like music or because they feel happy. They express their happiness by singing.
- What does the word they refer to?
- a. Bird c. People
 b. Strangers d. Wife
18. Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away.
- What is the past tense verb of sing?
- a. Sing c. Sung
 b. Sang d. Sank
19. Birds also sing to tell other birds to keep away.
- What is the past tense verb of tell?
- a. Tell c. Tolded

- b. Told d. Telling What is the present tense verb of sung?
20. If a bird can not sing well, he usually has some other means of giving important information.
- a. Sing c. Sung b. Sang d. Sink
- What is the meaning of if?
- a. Karena c. Kemudian 25. Birds have many reasons for singing.
- b. Bisa d. Jika What is the meaning of reason?
21. One bird has a most unusual way of finding a wife.
- a. Alasan c. Efek b. Aturan d. Arti
- What is the synonym of unusual?
- a. Usual c. Awesome 26. They sing when they want to attract a female bird.
- b. Ordinary d. Always What is the antonym of attract?
22. If a bird can not sing well.
- a. Ask c. Went b. Refuse d. Fight
- What is the antonym of well?
- a. Better c. Best 27. He does not want strangers to come near him.
- b. Bad d. Good What is the past tense verb of come?
23. To a bird, his tree or even a branch of a tree, is his home.
- a. Come c. Back b. Came d. Go
- What is the meaning of branch?
- a. Dahan (ranting) c. Pohon 28. Some birds dance, spread out their tails, or do other things.
- b. Daun d. Batang What is the equivalence word of spread out?
24. The most beautiful songs are sung by male birds.

- a. Run c. Concuss 33. In the evening he went to the
 b. Fly d. Conduct sport shop.
 29. Some birds dance, spread out What does the word went refer
 their tails, or do other things. to?
 What is the meaning of tail?
 a. Sayap c. Paruh a. Leaved c. Looked for
 b. Ceker d. Ekor b. Came d. Run
 30. It builds a small garden of shells 34. Djoko Tri Wilarto was very busy
 and flowers. last week. He wrote some letters
 What is the opposite of build?
 a. Demolish c. Assume for his parents and friends on
 b. Concuss d. Carry Monday.
 31. He wrote some letters for his What does the word he refer to?
 parents and friends on Monday. a. Djoko Tri Wilarto c. Friend
 What is the perfect tense verb of
wrote? b. Brother d. Cat
 a. Write c. Written 35. On Tuesday he visited Retu
 b. Wrote d. White Praditya's school.
 What is the meaning of Tuesday?
 a. Senin c. Rabu
 b. Selasa d. Kamis
 32. In the evening he went to the 36. He was very tired.
 sport shop. What is the similar word of tired?
 What does the underline word
 mean?
 a. Store c. Area a. Happy c. Old
 b. Room d. Run b. Pleasure d. Exhausted
 37. He played tennis for two hours
 there.

- What does the underline word refer to?
- a. Place c. Event
b. Time d. Someone
38. He bought a new tennis racket.
What is the category of the underline word?
- a. Verb c. Noun
b. Pronoun d. Adjective
39. He wrote some letters for his parents and friends on Monday.
What is the category of the underline word?
- a. Verb c. Noun
b. Pronoun d. Adjective
40. He played tennis again the whole day on Wednesday.
What is the closest meaning of the underline word?
- a. All c. Little
b. A part d. Reason
41. On Tuesday he visited Retu Praditya's school. He played
- tennis for two hours there. Retu Praditya is his friend.
- What does the word there refer to?
- a. Retu Praditya c. Retu
b. Retu Praditya's school d. Here
42. On Thursday he watched the football match on television.
What is the category of the underline word?
- a. Adjective c. Noun
b. Adverb d. Preposition
43. What is the meaning of football match?
- a. Pertandingan bola basket
b. Pameran budaya
c. Pertandingan sepak bola
d. Pameran pendidikan
44. Djoko Tri Wilarto was very busy last week.
What is the meaning of last weak?
- a. Minggu lalu
b. Dua minggu lalu

What is the meaning of
Thursday?

- a. Senin
 - b. Selasa
 - c. Rabu
 - d. Kamis

47. Then he spoke to his parents on the phone.

What is the meaning of spoke?

- a. Berbicara
 - b. Melihat
 - c. Mengejar

48. He was very tired.

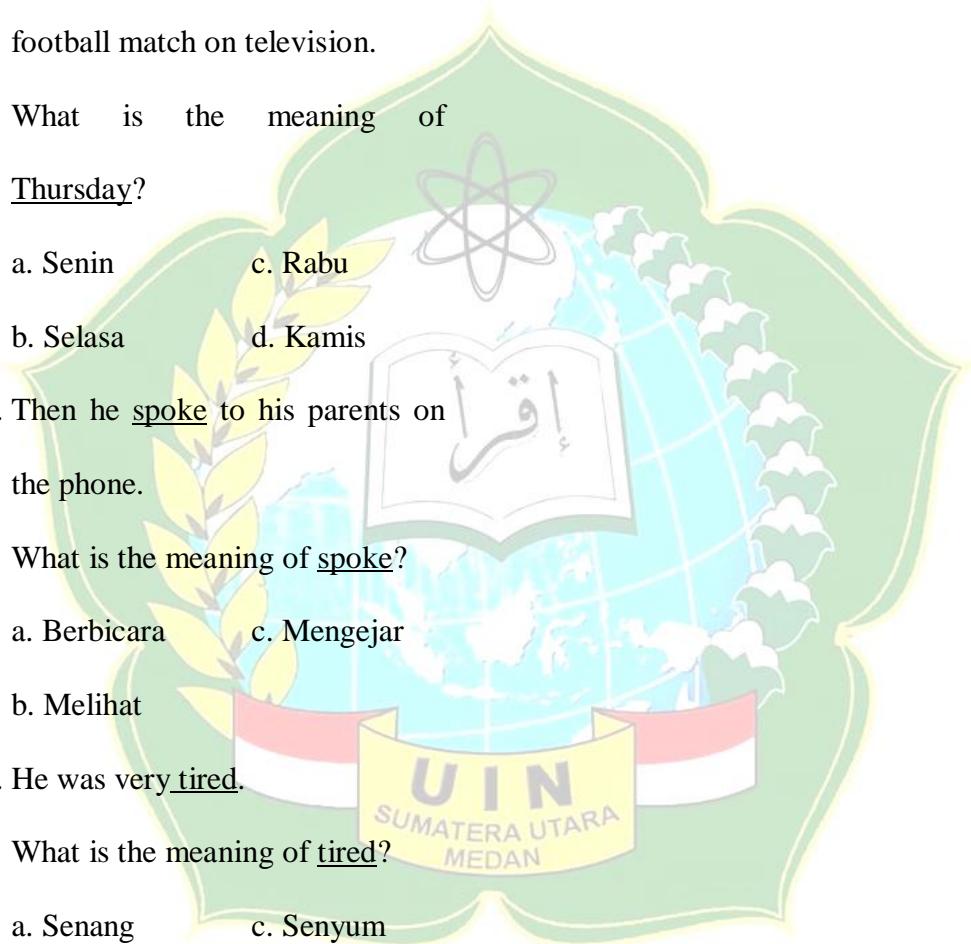
What is the meaning of tired?

- a. Senang c. Senyum
b. Sedih d. Lelah

49. They sing when they want to
attract a female bird.

What is the meaning of attract?

- a. Menarik c. Bernyanyi



ANSWER KEY OF UJI VALIDITAS

1. A. Pleasure
2. A. Bird
3. C. They feel happy
4. D. Bahasa
5. B. Mencari
6. C. Bird
7. A. Spouse
8. C. Penting
9. A. Menjauh
10. A. Bird
11. B. Jantan
12. C. Betina
13. C. Akan tetapi
14. B. Wives
15. C. Stranger
16. A. Bird
17. C. People
18. B. Sang
19. B. Told
20. D. Jika
21. C. Awesome
22. B. Bad
23. A. Dahan (ranting)
24. A. Sing
25. A. Alasan
26. B. Refuse
27. B. Came
28. C. Concuss
29. D. Ekor
30. A. Demolish
31. C. Written
32. A. Store
33. B. Came
34. A. Djoko Tri Wilarto
35. B. Selasa
36. D. Exhausted
37. B. Time
38. C. Noun
39. C. Noun
40. A. All
41. B. Retu Praditya's school
42. C. Noun
43. C. Pertandingan sepak bola
44. A. Minggu lalu
45. C. Mengunjungi
46. D. Kamis
47. A. Berbicara
48. D. Lelah
49. A. Menarik
50. B. Luar biasa



Kode Siswa	r Pertanyaan ke	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1		0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
2		1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
3		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
4		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5		1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
6		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
7		0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
8		1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
9		1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
10		1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
11		1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
12		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
13		0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
14		1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1
15		1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
16		1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
17		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
18		0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
19		0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
20		0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
21		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
22		1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
23		1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
ΣX		13	7	19	13	11	1	7	11	12	13	17	16	21	2	7	3	9	10
ΣX^2		13	7	19	13	11	1	7	11	12	13	17	16	21	2	7	3	9	10
ΣXY		329	175	415	329	245	18	190	262	263	329	418	400	473	49	190	79	219	217
k.PRODUCT MOMENT																			
A		911	441	-183	911	3	-98	786	394	-95	911	910	1008	127	103	786	281	429	-129
B1		130	112	76	130	132	22	112	132	132	130	102	112	42	42	112	60	126	130
B2		44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	
B1 X B2		5759780	4962272	3367256	5759780	5848392	974732	4962272	5848392	5848392	5759780	4519212	4962272	1860852	1860852	4962272	2658360	5582556	5759780
C		2400	2228	1835	2400	2418	987	2228	2418	2418	2400	2126	2228	1364	1364	2228	1630	2363	2400
r_{xy}		0,380	0,198	-0,100	0,380	0,001	-0,099	0,353	0,163	-0,039	0,380	0,428	0,453	0,093	0,076	0,353	0,172	0,182	-0,054
Standart Deviasi (SD):																			
$SDx^2 = (SX^2 - (SX)^2/N) : N$		0,257	0,221	0,150	0,257	0,261	0,043	0,221	0,261	0,261	0,257	0,202	0,221	0,083	0,083	0,221	0,119	0,249	0,257
SDx		0,507	0,470	0,388	0,507	0,511	0,209	0,470	0,511	0,511	0,507	0,449	0,470	0,288	0,288	0,470	0,344	0,499	0,507
$SDy^2 = (SY^2 - (SY)^2/N) : N$		39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	
SDy		6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	
Formula Guilford:																			
$r_{xy} SDy - SDx = A$		1,867	0,768	-1,011	1,867	-0,503	-0,829	1,736	0,508	-0,756	1,867	2,228	2,359	0,294	0,184	1,736	0,733	0,636	-0,843
$SDy^2 + SDx^2 = B_1$		5,997	6,033	6,104	5,997	5,993	6,210	6,033	5,993	5,993	5,997	6,052	6,033	6,171	6,171	6,033	6,135	6,005	5,997
$2r_{xy} SDy SDx = B_2$		2,407	1,165	-0,483	2,407	0,008	-0,259	2,076	1,041	-0,251	2,407	2,404	2,663	0,335	0,272	2,076	0,742	1,133	-0,341
$(B_1 - B_2)$		3,590	4,868	6,587	3,590	5,985	6,469	3,956	4,952	6,244	3,590	3,648	3,370	5,835	5,899	3,956	5,393	4,872	6,338
Akar ($B_1 - B_2$) = C		1,895	2,206	2,567	1,895	2,446	2,543	1,989	2,225	2,499	1,895	1,910	1,836	2,416	2,429	1,989	2,322	2,207	2,517
$r_{pq} = A/C$		0,985	0,348	-0,394	0,985	-0,206	-0,326	0,873	0,228	-0,303	0,985	1,166	1,285	0,122	0,076	0,873	0,316	0,288	-0,335
r tabel (0,05), N = 23		0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413
KEPUTUSAN	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	DIPAKAI	DIPAKAI	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	GUGUR	

														Skor	
38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	y	y2	
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	20	400
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	26	676
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	29	841
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	16	256
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	31	961
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	64
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	18	324
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	30	900
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	23	529
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	26	676
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	25	625
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	23	529
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	18	324
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	23	529
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	26	676
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	33	1089
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	23	529
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	21	441
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	20	400
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	16	256
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	14	196
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	29	841
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	14	196
11	4	6	9	5	15	14	15	14	15	15	15	6	4	512	12258
11	4	6	9	5	15	14	15	14	15	15	15	6	4		
280	116	136	205	109	345	351	348	351	353	326	113	116			
808	620	56	107	-53	255	905	324	905	439	-182	-473	620			
132	76	102	126	90	120	126	120	126	120	120	102	76			
44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306	44306			
5848392	3367256	4519212	5582556	3987540	5316720	5582556	5316720	5582556	5316720	5316720	4519212	3367256			
2418	1835	2126	2363	1997	2306	2363	2306	2363	2306	2306	2126	1835			
0,334	0,338	0,026	0,045	-0,027	0,111	0,383	0,141	0,383	0,190	-0,079	-0,222	0,338			
0,261	0,150	0,202	0,249	0,178	0,237	0,249	0,237	0,249	0,237	0,237	0,202	0,150			
0,511	0,388	0,449	0,499	0,422	0,487	0,499	0,487	0,499	0,487	0,487	0,449	0,388			
39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111	39,111			
6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254	6,254			
1,579	1,725	-0,284	-0,216	-0,588	0,205	1,896	0,392	1,896	0,704	-0,981	-1,840	1,725			
5,993	6,104	6,052	6,005	6,076	6,017	6,005	6,017	6,005	6,017	6,017	6,052	6,104			
2,134	1,638	0,148	0,283	-0,140	0,674	2,391	0,856	2,391	1,160	-0,481	-1,249	1,638			
3,859	4,466	5,904	5,722	6,216	5,343	3,614	5,161	3,614	4,857	6,497	7,302	4,466			
1,964	2,113	2,430	2,392	2,493	2,312	1,901	2,272	1,901	2,204	2,549	2,702	2,113			
0,804	0,816	-0,117	-0,090	-0,236	0,089	0,998	0,172	0,998	0,319	-0,385	-0,681	0,816			
0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413	0,413			
DIPAKAI	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	GUGUR	GUGUR	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	DIPAKAI	GUGUR	GUGUR	GUGUR	DIPAKAI			

Appendix VI

The Result of Pre-test

Nama siswa	Number																					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	jlh	Value
1. Dina Srg	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	•	8	40
2. M. Alif F	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	4	20
3. Nabila Derima	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	8	40
4. Alfi Syahri Nst	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	5	25
5. Rahmia Dini	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	6	30
6. Al Wasfi R	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	14	70
7. Syafa'atul U	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	12	60
8. Adrian Fachri	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	13	65
9. Syahira Mrp	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	5	25
10. Mexi Syauqi	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	12	60
11. Nur Syifa A	-	•	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	8	40

12. M. Rizki Hsb	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	14	70	
13.Nuri Maulida	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	9	45	
14. M. Khoirul F	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	9	45	
15. Novia Amelia	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	11	55	
16. M.Faiz Shafa	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	14	70	
17. Septina	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90	
18. Ahmad Yasir	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	14	70	
19.Nazwa Azzahira	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	11	55
20. Hasiyssan Rendy Hidayat	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	16	80	
21.Riskika Ashfya	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90	
22. Farid Haiqal	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	•	12	60

23. Shofia Dalila	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	11	55	
	$\sum X = 1260$																						

$$X = \frac{1260}{23} = 54.78$$



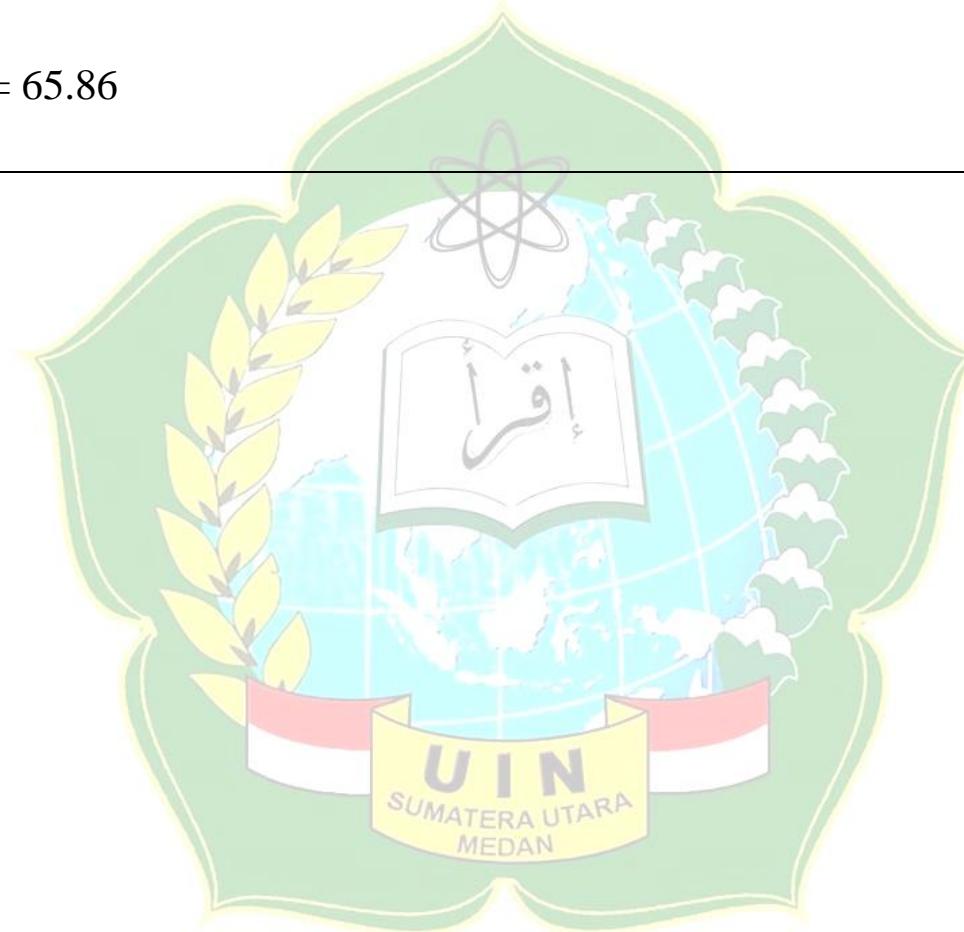
Appendix VII

The Result of Post-test 1

Nama siswa	Number																					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	jlh	Value
1. Dina Srg	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	9	45
2. M. Alif F	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	9	45
3. Nabila Derima	•	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	8	40
4. Alfi Syahri Nst	•	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	•	6	30
5. Rahmia Dini	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	10	50
6. Al Wasfi R	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	16	80
7. Syafa'atul U	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	15	75
8. Adrian Fachri	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	15	75
9. Syahira Mrp	•	-	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	-	•	9	45
10. Mexi Syauqi	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	16	80
11. Nur Syifa A	•	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	11	55

12. M.Rizki Hsb	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	14	70
13.Nuri Maulida	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	16	80
14. M. Khoirul F	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	-	•	11	55
15. Novia Amelia	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	13	65
16. M.Faiz Shafa	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	14	70
17. Septina	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90
18. Ahmad Yasir	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	-	15	75
19.Nazwa Azzahira	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	15	75
20. Hasiyssan Rendy Hidayat	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	17	85
21.Riskika Ashfya	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90
22. Farid Haiqal	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	15	75

23. Shofia Dalila	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	13	65
	$\Sigma X = 1515$ $X = \frac{1515}{23} = 65.86$																						



Appendix VIII

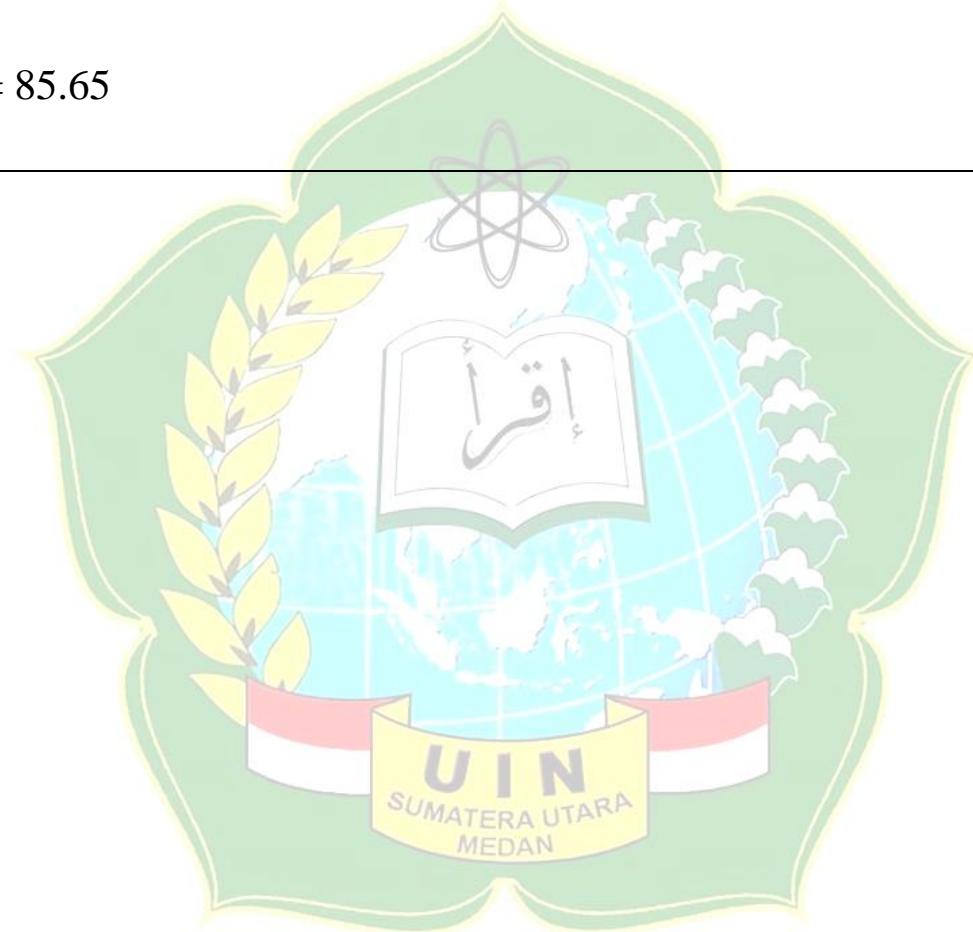
The Result of Post-test 2

Nama siswa	Number																					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	Jlh	Value
1. Dina Srg	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	15	75
2. M. Alif F	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	16	80
3.Nabila Derima	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	15	75
4.Alfi SyahriNst	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	17	85
5. Rahmia Dini	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90
6. Al Wasfi R	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	18	90
7. Syafa'atul U	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	17	85
8. Adrian Fachri	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	17	85
9. Syahira Mrp	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	15	75
10. Mexi Syauqi	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90
11. Nur Syifa A	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	16	80

12. M.Rizki Hsb	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	17	85
13.Nuri Maulida	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	17	85
14. M.Khoirul F	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	17	85
15. Novia Amelia	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18	90
16.M.Faiz Shafa	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	18	90
17. Septina	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	20	100
18. AhmadYasir	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	17	85
19.Nazwa Azzahira	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	18	90
20. Hasiyssan Rendy Hidayat	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	19	95
21.Riskika Ashfya	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	18	90
22. Farid Haiqal	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	16	80

23. Shofia Dalila	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	17	85
	$\Sigma X = 1970$																		

$$X = \frac{1970}{23} = 85.65$$



Appendix IX

The Statistic Analysis of the Students' Score Post-Test in the First and Second Cycle

Num	Post- Test I	Post-Test II	D	D ²
1.	45	75	30	900
2.	45	80	35	1225
3.	40	75	35	1225
4.	30	85	55	3025
5.	50	90	40	1600
6.	80	90	10	100
7.	75	85	10	100
8.	75	85	10	100
9.	45	75	30	900
10.	80	90	10	100
11.	55	80	25	625
12.	70	85	15	225
13.	80	85	5	25
14.	55	85	30	900
15.	65	90	25	625
16.	70	90	20	400
17.	90	100	10	100
18.	75	85	10	100

19.	75	90	15	225
20.	85	95	10	100
21.	90	90	0	0
22.	75	80	5	25
23.	65	85	20	400
TOTAL			$\Sigma D = 455$	$\Sigma D^2 = 13025$

From the last computation have been found:

$$\bar{D} = \frac{455}{23} = 19,78$$

As follow:

$$t = \frac{\bar{D}}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum D^2 - (\sum D)^2}{N(N-1)}}}$$

$$t = \frac{19,78}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum 13.025 - (\sum 455)^2}{23(23-1)}}}$$

$$t = \frac{19,78}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum 13.025 - (\sum 207025)}{506}}}$$

$$t = \frac{19,78}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum 13.025 - 9.001,0}{506}}}$$

$$t = \frac{19,78}{\sqrt{\frac{4.024}{506}}} = \frac{19,78}{\sqrt{7,95}} = \frac{19,78}{2,81} = 7,03$$

From computation above, it could be seen that the coefficient of $t_{\text{observation}} = 7,03$



Appendix X

NILAI-NILAI r PRODUCT MOMENT

N	Taraf Signifikan		N	Taraf Signifikan		N	Taraf Signifikan	
	5%	1%		5%	1%		5%	1%
3	0,997	0,999	27	0,381	0,487	55	0,266	0,345
4	0,950	0,990	28	0,374	0,478	60	0,254	0,330
5	0,878	0,959	29	0,367	0,470	65	0,244	0,317
6	0,811	0,917	30	0,361	0,463	70	0,235	0,306
7	0,754	0,874	31	0,355	0,456	75	0,227	0,296
8	0,707	0,834	32	0,349	0,449	80	0,220	0,286
9	0,666	0,789	33	0,344	0,442	85	0,213	0,278
10	0,632	0,765	34	0,339	0,436	90	0,207	0,270
11	0,602	0,735	35	0,334	0,430	95	0,202	0,263
12	0,576	0,708	36	0,329	0,424	100	0,195	0,256
13	0,553	0,684	37	0,325	0,418	125	0,176	0,230
14	0,532	0,661	38	0,320	0,413	150	0,159	0,210
15	0,514	0,641	39	0,316	0,408	175	0,148	0,194
16	0,497	0,623	40	0,312	0,403	200	0,138	0,181
17	0,482	0,606	41	0,308	0,398	300	0,113	0,148
18	0,468	0,590	42	0,304	0,393	400	0,098	0,128
19	0,456	0,575	43	0,301	0,389	500	0,088	0,115
20	0,444	0,561	44	0,297	0,384	600	0,080	0,105

21	0,433	0,549	45	0,294	0,380	700	0,074	0,097
22	0,423	0,537	46	0,291	0,376	800	0,070	0,091
23	0,413	0,526	47	0,288	0,372	900	0,065	0,086
24	0,404	0,515	48	0,284	0,368	1000	0,062	0,081
25	0,396	0,505	49	0,281	0,364			
26	0,388	0,496	50	0,279	0,361			



Appendix XI

THE FIRST INTERVIEW WITH THE ENGLISH TEACHER

1. The researcher : What do you think about the students' ability in learning English, especially mastering vocabulary mam?

The teacher : I think about the students' ability in vocabulary, its really low because we know that the students really difficult to make the differences between the active vocabulary and passive vocabulary, so and also the method or technique that we use in teaching and learning process its really affect the learning process. I think that's all.

2. The researcher : What problems did students face in improving students' vocabulary mastery?

The teacher : The first about the students problem I think about their ability, they have no any interest in English and then some of them just like for special subject, and then for the vocabulary I think, because we know that English is a boring language so they didn't use it in their daily life

3. The researcher : What kind of techniques can you use to improve students' vocabulary mastery?

The teacher : Lately i use WLCR technique (write, look, cover and repeat) the vocabulary and also using facing cards.

4. The researcher : Does the technique affect the increase of students' vocabulary mastery?

The teacher : It is not really affect the vocabulary, because I think its a little bit difficult for them to understand about the technique

THE LAST INTERVIEW WITH THE ENGLISH TEACHER

1. The researcher : Do you know about the personal vocabulary note technique?

The teacher : Personally I haven't hear about the personal vocabulary note technique before

2. The researcher : After observed the learning i have applied in the class by personal vocabulary note technique, what is your opinion about the learning and technique mam?

The teacher : I think about the technique, it is really interesting and it also I see the student reaction they respon it well

3. The researcher : Does the personal vocabulary mastery affect the increase of students' vocabulary mastery?

The teacher : After observing about your teaching technique before, I think it's really affect the student because they can memorize the vocabulary faster than other techniques

4. The researcher : Do you want to apply the personal vocabulary note technique to improve the students' vocabulary mastery ?

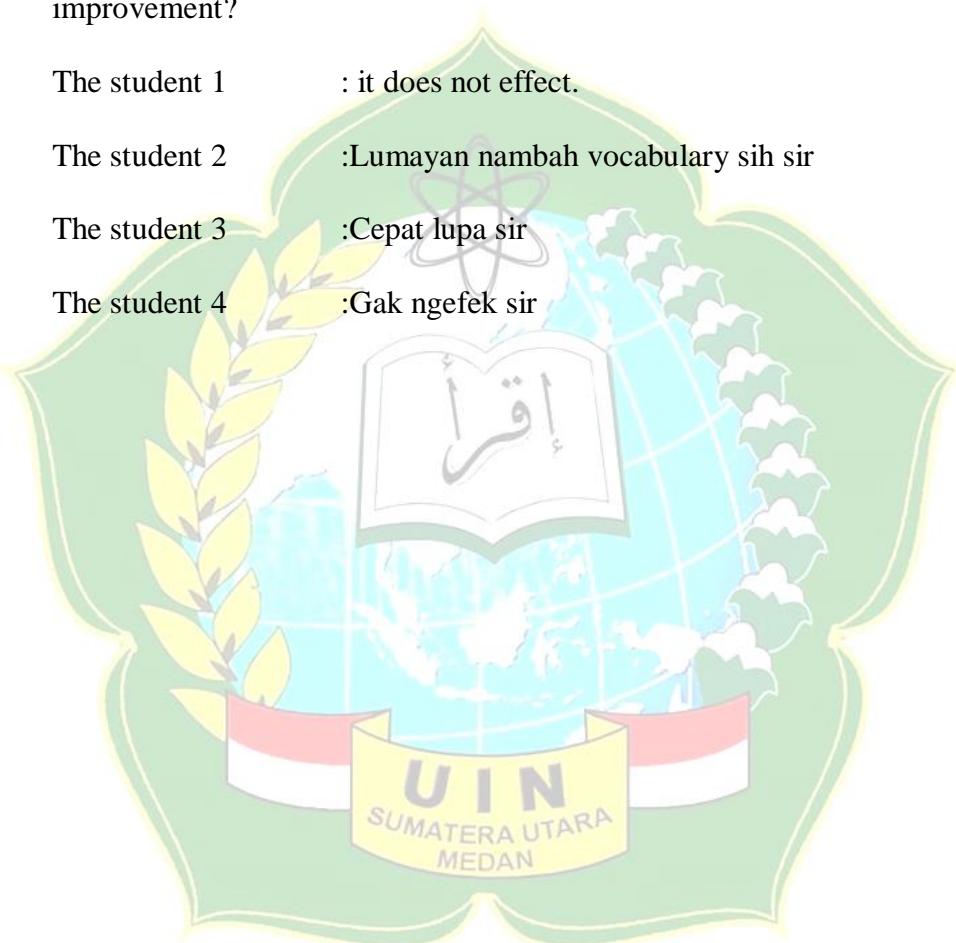
The teacher : Of course I do, I want to apply it in my class first, because we know the effect is really well

Appendix XII

THE FIRST INTERVIEW WITH THE STUDENTS

5. The researcher : Do you like learning English?
- The student 1 : No sir
- The student 2 : Little bit sir
- The student 3 : I like sir
- The student 4 : I like sir
6. The researcher : What makes you like or dislike in learning English?
- The student 1 : karena banyak kata-kata yang saya tidak tahu artinya sir
- The student 2 : Bahasa Inggris itu lain tulisannya lain bacaannya sir, salah baca salah arti
- The student 3 : Saya suka bahasa Inggris sir, tapi susah menghapalnya
- The student 4 : Saya suka sir, mengerti lah sedikit-sedikit artinya sir, tapi tak banyak
7. The researcher : What is your teacher doing to help improving your vocabulary mastery?
- The student : She never do anything

- The student 2 :Pernah keknya sir, Cuma lupa namanya.
- The student 3 :Jarang sir, tapi kemaren kami pernah juga menghapal cuma gak pake note sir.
- The student 4 :Gak pernah sir. Palingan soal-soal aja sir.
8. The researcher : Does it affect your vocabulary mastery improvement?
- The student 1 : it does not effect.
- The student 2 :Lumayan nambah vocabulary sih sir
- The student 3 :Cepat lupa sir
- The student 4 :Gak ngefek sir



THE LAST INTERVIEW WITH THE ENGLISH STUDENTS

5. The researcher : Do you know about the personal vocabulary note technique?

The student 1 : Yes, I know

The student 2 : Yes sir

The student 3 : Yes

The student 4 : Yes

6. The researcher : What do you think about the learning when we have applied personal vocabulary note technique?

The student 1 : I think that's great technique because i can memorize it after that

The student 2 : iya sir, pakai technique ini lebih enak, jadi fokus yang mana yang mau dihapal, gak bercampur dengan buku catatan

The student 3 : menggunakan technique ini bisa meningkatkan keinginan untuk menghapal kosakata sir, dan juga kita bisa ingat sedikit-sedikit ketika mencari arti katanya di dalam kamus

The student 4 : dengan technique ini jadi tidak susah sir menghapal kosa kata, vocabulary note yang kecil ini jadi mudah dibawa kemana-mana, menghapal jadi menyenangkan

7. The researcher : Do you want to continue using the personal vocabulary note technique with your teacher?

- The student 1 : Yes, I will do it with my teacher.
- The student 2 : Iya sir mau
- The student 3 : Boleh sir
- The student 4 : Yes sir, I want



Appendix XIII

LETTERS

Research Permission

KEMENTERIAN AGAMA REPUBLIK INDONESIA
UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI SUMATERA UTARA MEDAN
FAKULTAS ILMU TARBIYAH DAN KEGURUAN
Jl.Williem Iskandar Pasar V Medan Estate 20371
Telp. (061) 6615683-6622925 Fax. 6615683

Nomor : B-16093/ITK/ITK.V.3/PP.00.9/08/2021
Lampiran : -
Hal : Izin Riset

12 Agustus 2021

Yth. Bapak/Ibu Kepala SMP IT Darul Fikri Tanjungbalai

Assalamualaikum Wr. Wb.

Dengan Hormat, diberitahukan bahwa untuk mencapai gelar Sarjana Strata Satu (S1) bagi Mahasiswa Fakultas Ilmu Tarbiyah dan Keguruan adalah menyusun Skripsi (Karya Ilmiah), kami tugaskan mahasiswa:

Nama	:	M. Hidayat
NIM	:	0304172072
Tempat/Tanggal Lahir	:	Sci. Merbau, 10 Juli 1999
Program Studi	:	Tadris Bahasa Inggris
Semester	:	IX (Sembilan)
Alamat	:	JL. CIMUK LK. IV Kelurahan SEI. MERBAU Kecamatan TELUK NIBUNG

untuk hal dimaksud kami mohon memberikan Izin dan bantuannya terhadap pelaksanaan Riset di Jl. Letjend Jamin Ginting/ Arteri Lk. VI Kel. Sirantau Kec. Datuk Bandar Kota Tanjungbalai, guna memperoleh informasi/keterangan dan data-data yang berhubungan dengan Skripsi (Karya Ilmiah) yang berjudul:

The Application of Personal Vocabulary Note Technique Applied By Teacher to Improve Students' Vocabulary Mastery at Ninth Grade of SMP IT Darul Fikri Tanjung Balai 2021/2022 Academic Year

Demikian kami sampaikan, atas bantuan dan kerjasamanya diucapkan terima kasih.

Medan, 12 Agustus 2021
a.n. DEKAN
Ketua Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Digitally Signed

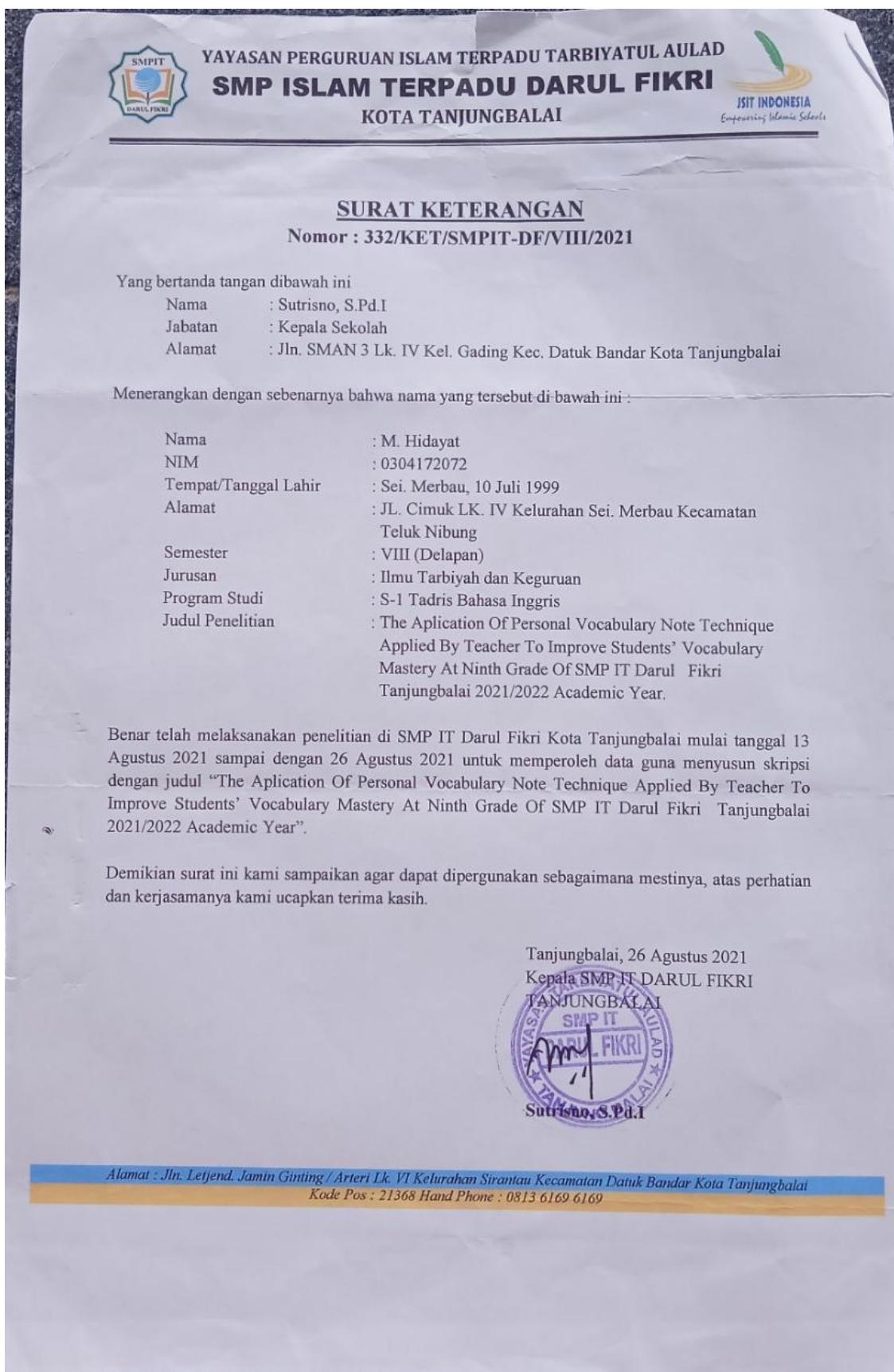
Yani Lubis, M.Hum
NIP. 197006062000031006

Tembusan:

- Dekan Fakultas Ilmu Tarbiyah dan Keguruan UIN Sumatera Utara Medan

info : Silahkan scan QRCode diatas dan klik link yang muncul, untuk mengelajui kesulitan surat

Research Response



DOCUMENTATION



The researcher with the headmaster and english teacher in front of school



The students read the text in front of class



The researcher gave the instrument to the students



The students did the test



The students memorized the new vocabulary



The researcher did the interview with the english teacher

